



## Gold Rush – Timelines

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Type in Gold Rush in Search box



Click the article titled *Gold Rushes in Australia*

Read the article and answer the questions below.

Questions:

1. When was gold first discovered in New South Wales?  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. When was gold first discovered in Victoria?  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. When did miners from foreign countries start coming to Australia in search of gold?  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Anti- Chinese riots at Buckland Field, Victoria occurred on what date?  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Anti-Chinese riots at Lambing Flat, New South Wales occurred on what date?  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. When did miners in Ballarat, Victoria burn down the Eureka Hotel?  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. When did miners burn their mining permits in protest of the cost to mine in Ballarat, Victoria?  
\_\_\_\_\_
8. Under the leadership of Peter Lalor, an organisation called the Ballarat Reform League was formed and a stockade was built – known as the Eureka Stockade. The Victorian governor sent government troops to attack the stockade on what date?  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. Following the events of the Eureka Stockade, the Government decided to abolish licence fees and provide miners with the right to vote. In what year did this happen?  
\_\_\_\_\_

10. When was Gold discovered at Lambing Flat in NSW?

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11. Charters Towers and Palmer River saw the richest finds in Queensland. When were these discoveries made?

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12. When was gold discovered in Western Australia?

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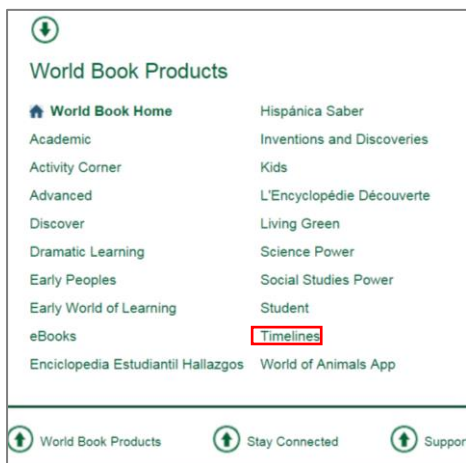
13. Between 1851 and 1871, the population of Australia grew enormously due to the number of people immigrating to Australia to look for gold. What was the population of Australia in 1851? What was the approximate population of Australia in 1871?

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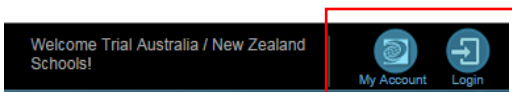
14. Make a timeline of these events.



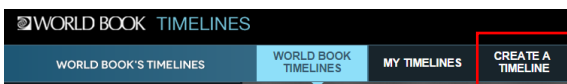
Scroll to bottom of page and select Timelines.



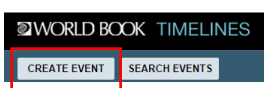
- Log in to your My Research Account using your personalised log in details – this is how you save your Timeline



- Click “Create a Timeline” to create a timeline.



- Click “Create an Event” to enter in an event

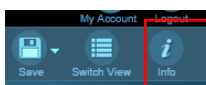


- Provide the date and summary of the event that happened during that time. You can add images and additional facts about the event too.

To add images to do with the Gold Rush to your event:

Type “Gold Rush” in Search Box. Select image, click “Add”, and then click “Save”. You can add your own images too by clicking “Upload” and saving your own images to the Timeline.

- Don't forget to save your Timeline!



**ANSWERS:**




1. 12 February 1851
2. July 1851
3. Late 1851/early 1852
4. 1857
5. 1861
6. October, 1854
7. 29 November 1854
8. 2 December, 1854
9. 1855
10. 1860
11. 1872 and 1873 respectively
12. 1892-1893 in Coolgardie and Kalgoorlie
13. 1851: 437,000. 1871: approximately 1.7 million.
14. Timeline.

## Gold Rushes in Australia

From 1851 to 1893

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Event Date	Event Description	Note
1851 - 1852	Miners and their families arrive in Australia in search of gold.	In late 1851 and early 1852, overseas miners and their families arrive in Australia in search of gold.
 Feb. 12, 1851	Gold is discovered in New South Wales	In late 1851 and early 1852, overseas miners and their families arrive in Australia in search of gold.
 July 1851	Gold is discovered in Victoria	In late 1851 and early 1852, overseas miners and their families arrive in Australia in search of gold.
 October 1854	Miners burn down Eureka Hotel, Ballarat, Victoria in protest.	On the Ballarat field in Victoria, resistance to the license fee was strong. During 1854, the miners became increasingly restless. They resented having to pay 30 shillings per month for permits to search for gold. They also resented their lack of political representation.
 November 1854	Ballarat Reform League builds a stockade.	The miners, under the leadership of Peter Lalor, formed an organization called the Ballarat Reform League. The miners took up arms and built a stockade (area with a defensive wall) on Bakery Hill.
Nov. 29, 1854	Miners burn permits in protest in Ballarat, Victoria.	-
		Victoria's governor, Sir Charles

	Dec. 2, 1854	Government troops attack miners stockade.	Hochman, sent troops to stop the disturbances. The miners, under the leadership of Peter Lalor, formed an organisation called the Ballarat Reform League. The miners took up arms and built a stockade (area with a defensive wall) on Bakery Hill. On December 2, government troops attacked the stockade. In the short fight that followed, about 30 miners and 6 soldiers were killed.
	1855	Government abolishes licence fee and grants miners the right to vote.	In 1855, the government abolished the license fee and introduced a miner's right fee of one pound per year. The government allowed anyone holding a miner's right to vote.
	1857	Anti-Chinese riots at Buckland Field, Victoria	-
	1860	Gold is found in Lambing Flat, NSW	In late 1851 and early 1852, overseas miners and their families arrive in Australia in search of gold.
	1861	Anti-Chinese Riots at Lambing Flat, NSW	-
	1871	Australia's population reaches 1.7million	Australia's populations increases from 437,000 in 1851 to 1.7 million in 1871 due to the gold rushes in Australia.
	1872 - 1873	Richest finds in Queensland are made in Charters Towers and Palmer River.	In late 1851 and early 1852, overseas miners and their families arrive in Australia in search of gold.
	1892 - 1893	Gold is found in Western Australia	In 1892 and 1893, prospectors found the gold fields around Coolgardie and Kalgoorlie, in Western Australia. A new gold rush started, boosting Western Australia's population. The fields around Coolgardie and Kalgoorlie were the richest ever worked in Australia.